

MATERIAL DATASHEET

ZX-100MT



Properties	Symbol	Unit	Standard
information			
material code	-	-	internal Standard
colour	-	-	white
density	ρ	kg/dm ³	ISO 1183
mechanical			
compressive modulus	E_c	MPa	DIN EN ISO 604
elastic limit	σ_{yel}	MPa	internal Standard
compressive stress at yield	σ_y	MPa	DIN EN ISO 604
compressive strength	σ_m	MPa	DIN EN ISO 604
compressive stress at 1% strain	$\sigma_{1\%}$	MPa	DIN EN ISO 604
compressive stress at 2% strain	$\sigma_{2\%}$	MPa	DIN EN ISO 604
compressive stress at 3,5% strain	$\sigma_{3,5\%}$	MPa	DIN EN ISO 604
compressive strength (0,01 h)	$\sigma_{M,0,01}$	MPa	internal Standard
compressive strength (100 h)	$\sigma_{M,100}$	MPa	internal Standard
compressive strength (10000 h)	$\sigma_{M,10000}$	MPa	internal Standard
compressive stress at break	σ_b	MPa	DIN EN ISO 604
elastic compression limit	ε_{yel}	%	internal Standard
nominal compressive yield strain	ε_y	%	DIN EN ISO 604
nominal compressive strain at compressive strength	ε_m	%	DIN EN ISO 604
nominal compressive strain at break	ε_b	%	DIN EN ISO 604
modulus in tension (tensile modulus)	E_t	MPa	DIN EN ISO 527
elastic limit	σ_{yel}	MPa	internal Standard
tensile stress at yield	σ_y	MPa	DIN EN ISO 527
tensile strength	σ_m	MPa	DIN EN ISO 527
tensile stress at break	σ_b	MPa	DIN EN ISO 527
elastic yield point	ε_{yel}	%	internal Standard
yield strain	ε_y	%	DIN EN ISO 527
elongation at maximum force	ε_m	%	DIN EN ISO 527
tensile elongation at break	ε_b	%	DIN EN ISO 527
modulus in flexure	E_f	MPa	3955
outer fibre stress at 3,5% outer fibre strain	$\sigma_{f,3,5\%}$	MPa	103
flexural strength	$\sigma_{f,m}$	MPa	DIN EN ISO 178
flexural stress at break	$\sigma_{f,b}$	MPa	113
elongation at flexural yield stress	$\varepsilon_{f,y}$	%	4,5
flexural elongation at break	$\varepsilon_{f,b}$	%	4,5
creep modulus at 1% deformation after 1000h	E	N/mm ²	DIN 53444
stress at 1% deformation after 1000h	$\sigma_{1\%}$	N/mm ²	DIN 53444
creep resistance	-	-	relative value
ball indentation hardness H358/30 (H132/30) [H49/30]	HB	N/mm ²	DIN 2039
Shore A hardness	-	Shore	98
Shore D hardness	-	Shore	85
impact strength Charpy notched	-	kJ/m ²	EN ISO 179/1eU
impact strength Charpy notched	-	kJ/m ²	EN ISO 179/1eA
loss tangent (1Hz)	$\tan\delta$	1	internal Standard
fatigue strength at 20°C, 106 stress cycles, 1 Hz	-	MPa	internal Standard
thermal			
continuous operating temperature (long term)	RTi	°C	UL 746B
short term operating temperature (3 h)	-	°C	internal Standard
maximum RTI temperature for bushings when pressed	-	°C	internal Standard
melting temperature (DSC, 10°C/min)	T_m	°C	ISO 11357-1/-3
glass transition temperature (DSC, 20°C/min)	T_g	°C	ISO 11357-1/-2
coefficient of thermal expansion up to 100°C	α	10 ⁵ /K	ISO E 830
coefficient of thermal expansion up to 150°C	α	10 ⁵ /K	ISO E 831
heat distortion temperature HDT/A 1,8 MPa	HDT(A)	°C	DIN EN ISO 75
thermal conductivity	λ	W/(m*K)	DIN 52612
specific heat capacity	C_p	kJ/(kg*K)	DSC
fire behaviour (3,2mm) UL94	-	-	UL 94 HB
limiting oxygen index (LOI)	%	LOI	DIN EN ISO 4589

Properties	Symbol	Unit	Standard
electrical			
volume resistivity	R_d	$\Omega \cdot \text{cm}$	IEC 93
surface resistance	R_s	Ω	IEC 93
penetration resistance	E	kV/mm	IEC 243
tracking resistance	-	V	IEC 112
dielectric constant (110Hz)	-	1	IEC 250
dissipation factor (110Hz)	$\tan\delta$	1	IEC 112
PV values			
max. surface pressure v=1m/min	p_{zul}	N/mm ²	10,00
max. surface pressure v=10m/min	p_{zul}	N/mm ²	2,90
max. surface pressure v=100m/min	p_{zul}	N/mm ²	0,10
max. surface pressure v=200m/min	p_{zul}	N/mm ²	"internal test radial bushing" 0,04
evolution of heat with v=1m/min	-	°C	45
evolution of heat with v=10m/min	-	°C	78
evolution of heat with v=100m/min	-	°C	59
evolution of heat with v=200m/min	-	°C	61
friction			
μ static 20°C dry operation	$\mu_{stat.}$	1	internal Standard
μ dynamic 20°C dry operation	$\mu_{dyn.}$	1	inclined plane
μ dynamic 100°C dry operation	$\mu_{dyn.}$	1	0,07
wear			
wear factor at 20°C	-	mm/100km	"internal test periodic translative movement under load" 0,11
wear factor at 100°C	-	mm/100km	0,53
wear factor at 200°C	-	mm/100km	n.d.
wear factor at 240°C	-	mm/100km	n.d.
available as			
tubes (hollow rods) up to ø (de)	-	mm	- ✓
sheets up to max. thickness	-	mm	- ✓
rods up to ø (de)	-	mm	- ✓
plastic granules	-	-	- ✓
injection moulded parts	-	-	- ✓
machined parts	-	-	- ✓
precision			
dimensional stability with moisture absorption	-	-	relative value ⑧
water absorption 23°C / RMC 93%	-	%	DIN EN ISO 62 0,2
water absorption until an equilibrium moisture content	-	%	DIN EN ISO 62 0,5
dimensional stability with temperature variation	-	-	relative value ④
high precision bushings (negative clearance)	-	-	- ✓
alignment adjustment	-	-	relative value ④
environmental influences			
suitable for use in water	-	-	- ✓
resistance against hot water	-	°C	- 80
resistance against dust, dirt, abrasive substances	-	-	relative value ⑦
UV rays resistance	-	-	relative value ⑨
suitable for outdoor use	-	-	relative value ⑧
resistance to chemicals	-	-	relative value ⑦
FDA compliant / EU 10/2011 compliant	-	-	-
suitable for vacuum	-	-	- ✓
rate of desorption	a_{1h}	mbar ^{1/2} (s/cm ²)	- -
ROHS / WEEE	-	-	- ✓
free from silicone	-	-	- ✓
free from PTFE	-	-	- ✓
sterilization			
resistant against disinfectant	-	-	- ✓
moist heat sterilization	-	-	relative value ⑥
gamma-rays radiation sterilization	-	-	relative value ③
chemical sterilization	-	-	relative value ⑦
UV-sterilization	-	-	relative value ⑦

Legend
① low
⑩ high
✓ applicable
✗ not applicable
(✓) limited
k.Br. no break
n.d. not determined
- not determined
n.v. non-existent

Legal information:

All the tests are been made with a standard conditioning atmosphere of 23°C (at the moment no other temperature is available). The specified values are established from average values of several tests and they correspond to our today's knowledge. They are only to be used as information about our products and as help for material selection. With these values, we do not ensure specific properties, or the suitability for certain application, therefore we do not assume any legal responsibility for an improper usage. The used test pieces have been machined from extruded semi-finished material. Since the plastics' properties depend on the manufacturing process (extrusion, injection moulding), on

the dimensions of the semi finished material and on the degree of crystallinity, the actual properties of a specific product may slightly deviate from the tested ones. For information about divergent properties do not hesitate to contact us. On request we advise you regarding the most appropriate component design and the definition of material specifications more suitable to your application data. Notwithstanding, the customer bears all the responsibility for the thorough examination of suitability, efficiency, efficacy and safety of the chosen products in pharmaceutical applications, medical devices or other end uses.